ABSTRACT

An efficient write-watch mechanism and process. A bitmap is associated with the virtual address descriptor (VAD) for a process, one bit for each virtual page address allocated to a process having write-watch enabled. As part of the writewatch mechanism, if a virtual address is trimmed to disk and that virtual address page is marked as modified, then the corresponding bit in the VAD is set for that virtual address In response to an API call (e.g., from a garbage collection mechanism) seeking to know which virtual addresses 10 in a process have been modified since last checked, the memory manager walks the bitmap in the relevant VAD for the specified If a bit is virtual address range for the requested process. set, then the page corresponding to that bit is known to have been modified since last asked. If specified by the API, the 15 bit is cleared in the VAD bitmap so that it will reflect the state since this time of asking. If the bit is not set, to determine if the page was modified, the page table entry (PTE) is checked for that page, and if the PTE indicates the page was modified, the page is known to be modified, otherwise that 20 page is known to be unmodified since the last call. One enhancement uses page directory tables to locate a series of trimmed pages, sometimes avoiding the need to access the PTE.